ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Mt. Enterprise Independent School District Annual Financial Report For The Year Ended August 31, 2019

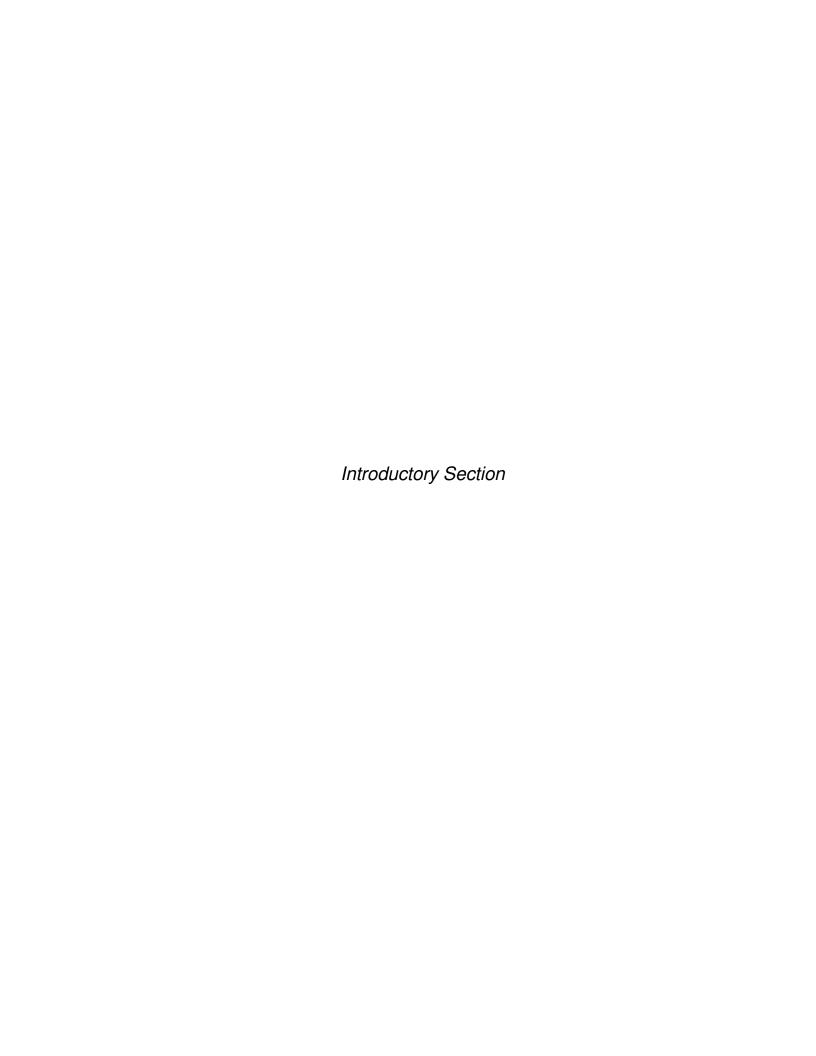
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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Mt. Enterprise Independent School District Name of School District	Rusk County	201-907 CoDist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached a		
		ne year ended August 31, 2019,
at a meeting of the board of trustees of such school	ol district on the 9th day of	<u>December</u> , 2019.
Blata Webb Signature of Board Secretary	Signature	e of Board President

If the board of trustees disapproved of the auditor's report, the reason(s) for disapproving it is (are):

(attach list as necessary)

Rusk







Morgan LaGrone, CPA, PLLC Certified Public Accountant

Telephone: 903.657.0240 116 S Marshall Fax: 903.655.1324 Henderson TX 75654

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees
Mt. Enterprise Independent School District
301 NW 3rd St.
Mt. Enterprise, Texas 75681

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Mt. Enterprise Independent School District ("the District") as of and for the year ended August 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Mt. Enterprise Independent School District as of August 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, and budgetary comparison information and schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability and schedule of District pension contributions, and schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability and schedule of District OPEB contributions identified as Required Supplementary Information in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Mt. Enterprise Independent School District's basic financial statements. The introductory section and combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other supplementary information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other supplementary information are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 5, 2019 on our consideration of Mt. Enterprise Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Mt. Enterprise Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

Morgan LaGrone, CPA, PLLC

Morgan Jayhone

Henderson, Texas

December 5, 2019



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AUGUST 31, 2019

This section of Mt. Enterprise Independent School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total combined net position was \$1,537,603 at August 31, 2019.
- During the year, the District's expenses were \$5,080,959, and the District generated \$5,003,247 in taxes and other revenues for governmental activities.
- The total cost of the District's programs increased by 46.11%.
- The General Fund reported a fund balance this year of \$2,245,809, of which all is unassigned.

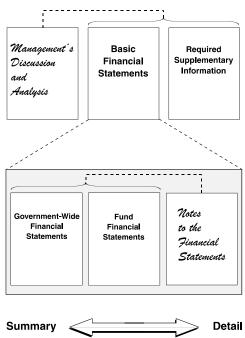
OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and other supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

• The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.

- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

Figure A-1, Required Components of the District's Annual Financial Report



The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AUGUST 31, 2019

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position—the difference between the District's assets and liabilities—is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's tax base.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the Governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, extracurricular activities, curriculum and staff development, health services, and general administration. Property taxes and grants finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds—not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The Board of Trustees establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The District has the following kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Fiduciary funds The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds. It is also responsible for other assets that—because of a trust arrangement—can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net position. The District's combined net position was \$1,537,604 at August 31, 2019.

\$31,584 of the District's restricted net position are restricted for food service and \$1,723 is restricted for debt service. The \$7,562 of unrestricted net position represents resources available to fund the programs of the District next year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AUGUST 31, 2019

Table A-1
Mt. Enterprise Independent School District
Net Position

						Increase/	Percentage
						Decrease)	Change
		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>	2	2018-2019	<u>2018-2019</u>
Current and Other Assets	\$	2,779,189	\$	2,700,428	\$	78,761	2.92%
Capital Assets		4,073,307		4,179,697		(106,390)	(2.55%)
Total Assets	\$	6,852,496	\$	6,880,125	\$	(27,629)	(0.40%)
Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$	160,450	\$	169,753	\$	(9,303)	(5.48%)
Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions		667,972		246,343		421,629	171.16%
Deferred Outflow Related to OPEB		634,717		25,597		609,120	2379.65%
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	1,463,139	\$	441,693	\$	599,817	135.80%
Long-Term Liabilities Outstanding	\$	5,739,840	\$	4,722,849	\$	1,016,991	21.53%
Other Liabilities		377,023		364,730		12,293	3.37%
Total Liabilities	\$	6,116,863	\$	5,087,579	\$	1,029,284	20.23%
Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions	\$	65,529	\$	92,877	\$	(27,348)	(29.45%)
Deferred Inflow Related to OPEB	,	593,642	•	526,047	•	67,595	12.85%
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	659,171	\$	618,924	\$	(27,348)	(4.42%)
Net Position:							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	1,496,735	\$	1,461,814	\$	34,921	2.39%
Restricted	,	33,307	•	25,559	•	7,748	30.31%
Unrestricted		7,562		127,942		(120,380)	(94.09%)
Total Net Position	\$	1,537,604	\$	1,615,315	\$	(77,711)	(4.81%)

Table A-2 Mt. Enterprise Independent School District Change in Net Position

			(Increase/	Percentage
	2019	2018	,	Decrease) 2018-2019	Change 2018-2019
Program Revenues:	2017	2010		2010-2017	2010-2017
Charges for Services	\$ 57,880	\$ 60,268	\$	(2,388)	(3.96%)
Operating Grants & Contributions	795,477	2,046		793,431	38779.62%
General Revenues:					
Property Taxes	703,205	695,229		7,976	1.15%
State Aid-Formula	3,419,189	3,427,681		(8,492)	(0.25%)
Other	27,496	11,542		15,954	138.23%
Total Revenues	\$ 5,003,247	\$ 4,196,766	\$	806,481	19.22%
Functions/Programs:					
Instructional and Instructional-Related Services	\$ 2,848,473	\$ 1,799,191	\$	1,049,282	58.32%
Instruction and School Leadership	267,839	146,058		121,781	83.38%
Support Services - Student	870,020	770,985		99,035	12.85%
Administrative Support Services	314,409	218,662		95,747	43.79%
Support Services - Non-Student Based	637,833	453,982		183,851	40.50%
Debt Service	97,158	58,459		38,699	66.20%
Capital Outlay	-	9,432		(9,432)	(100.00%)
Intergovernmental Charges	45,227	27,166		18,061	66.48%
Total Expenses	\$ 5,080,959	\$ 3,483,935	\$	1,597,024	45.84%
Increase/(Decrease) in Net Position	\$ (77,712)	\$ 712,831	\$	(790,543)	(110.90%)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AUGUST 31, 2019

Chart A-1 Mt. Enterprise Independent School District Revenues for the Year Ended August 31, 2019

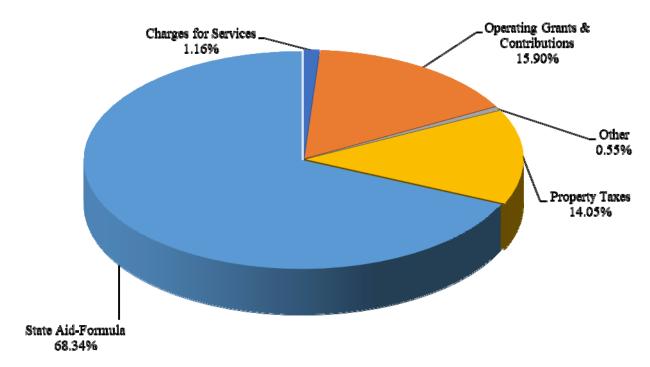
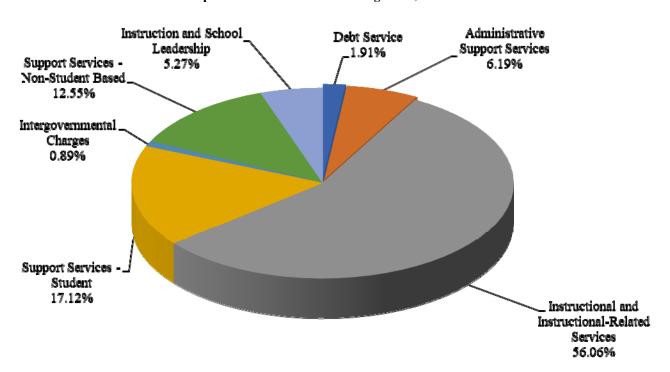


Chart A-2 Mt. Enterprise Independent School District Expenses for the Year Ended August 31, 2019



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AUGUST 31, 2019

Change in net position. The District's total revenues were \$5,003,247. A significant portion, 68.34% comes from state aid – formula grants, 14.05% is from property taxes, 15.9% is from operating grants and contributions, 1.16% relates to charges for services, and .55% is from investment earnings and miscellaneous. The total cost of all programs and services was \$5,080,959; 73.18% of these costs are for instructional and student services.

The total property tax rate was \$1.23 per \$100 valuation with an M&O rate of \$1.17 per \$100 valuation and an I&S rate of \$0.0636 per \$100 valuation.

Table A-3 presents the cost of each of the District's largest functions as well as each function's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost reflects what state revenues as well as local tax dollars funded.

- The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$5,080,959.
- The amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was \$703,205.
- Some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs, \$57,880, or by grants and contributions, \$795,477.

Table A-3

Mt. Enterprise Independent School District
Net Cost of Selected District Functions

The Cost of Selected District Linetions										
	Tota	l Cost of Servio	es	<u>Net</u>	es					
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	% Change	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	% Change				
Instruction	\$ 2,784,296	\$ 1,750,736	59.04%	\$ 2,429,583	\$ 1,845,252	31.67%				
School Leadership	259,773	139,192	86.63%	243,974	163,792	48.95%				
Food Services	213,355	149,706	42.52%	(27,021)	(46,222)	(41.54%)				
Extracurricular Activities	448,157	363,744	23.21%	367,645	357,936	2.71%				
General Administration	314,409	218,662	43.79%	298,635	237,360	25.82%				
Facilities Maintenance & Operations	476,154	352,258	35.17%	461,540	375,294	22.98%				

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Revenues from governmental fund types totaled \$4,868,317, an increase of \$100,665 from the preceding year. State revenue increased by \$29,791. Local revenues increased by \$18,975, and federal revenues increased by \$51,899. The District's overall fund balance increased by \$61,462.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the year, the District revised its budget as needed to reallocate the original budgeted expenditures. Overall budgeted expenditures increased by \$60,269. Actual expenditures were \$124,975 below final budget amounts. Additionally, available general fund revenues exceeded the estimated amounts by \$148,376. The District had initially planned on using approximately \$219,760 of fund balance in the 2019 budget, but because expenditures were less than anticipated, and revenues were more than anticipated, the District did not use any of their fund balance, increasing the fund balance in the General Fund to \$2,245,809.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of 2019, the District had invested in \$8,751,498 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, equipment, buildings, and vehicles. (See Table A-4.)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AUGUST 31, 2019

Table A-4

Mt. Enterprise Independent School District
Capital Assets

-						Increase/	Percentage
		Government	al /	<u>Activities</u>	(Decrease)	Change
		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>	<u>2</u>	018-2019	<u>2018-2019</u>
Land	\$	117,176	\$	117,176	\$	_	0.00%
Construction in Progress		-		-		-	0.00%
Buildings and Improvements		7,715,630		7,636,466		79,164	1.04%
Vehicles and Equipment		918,692		857,506		61,186	7.14%
Total Capital Assets	\$	8,751,498	\$	8,611,148	\$	140,350	1.63%
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(4,678,191)		(4,431,452)		(246,739)	5.57%
Net Capital Assets	\$	4,073,307	\$	4,179,697	\$	(106,390)	(2.55%)

More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in Note D to the financial statements.

Long Term Debt

At year-end the District had \$5,741,840 in long-term debt outstanding as shown in Table A-5. More detailed information about the District's debt is presented in Note G to the financial statements.

Table A-5
Mt. Enterprise Independent School District
Long-Term Debt

Long-Term Deot									
						Increase/	Percentage		
		Governmen	tal A	<u>activities</u>	(Decrease)		Change		
		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>	2	2018-2019	<u>2018-2019</u>		
General Obligation Bonds:									
Principal amount of Debt	\$	2,510,000	\$	2,536,738	\$	(26,738)	(1.05%)		
Add: Premium on Issuance		151,697		178,943		(27,246)	(15.23%)		
Add: Accumulted Accretion on CABs		-		53,255		(53,255)	(100.00%)		
Loans Payable		75,327		118,700		(43,373)	(36.54%)		
Net Pension Liability		1,127,531		577,636		549,895	95.20%		
Net OPEB Liability		1,877,285		1,257,577		619,708	49.28%		
Total Long-Term Debt	\$	5,741,840	\$	4,722,849	\$	1,018,991	21.58%		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AUGUST 31, 2019

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- Appraised value used for the 2020 budget preparation was \$57,459,623, a 3.78% decrease from 2019, with an M&O rate of \$1.0683 per \$100 valuation and an I&S rate of \$0.0636 per \$100 valuation for a total tax rate of \$1.13195 per \$100 valuation.
- The District's 2020 refined average daily attendance is expected to be 379. The District's 2020 enrollment is expected to be 408, consistent with 2019.

These indicators were taken into account when adopting the general fund budget for 2020. Amounts available for appropriation in the general fund budget are \$5,196,570, an increase of \$804,134 from the final 2019 budget of \$4,392,436. The increase is due to anticipated increases in state program revenues for 2020. The District will use these revenues to finance the current programs that they offer.

Budgeted expenditures total \$5,196,570. If these estimates are realized, the District's General Fund budgetary fund balance is not expected to change by the close of 2020.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT STAFF

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's Business Services Department.





STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2019

Б.			1
Data Control		C	overnmental
Codes		_	Activities
1110	ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2 272 470
1225	Property Taxes Receivable (Net)	Φ	2,373,479 126,970
1240	Due from Other Governments		278,741
1240	Capital Assets:		270,741
1510	Land		117,176
1520	Buildings and Improvements, Net		3,760,331
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net		195,800
1000	Total Assets	_	6,852,497
		_	0,002,107
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
	Deferred Outflow of Resources - Deferred Amount on Refunding		160,450
	Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions		667,972
4700	Deferred Outflow Related to OPEB	_	634,717
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	1,463,139
	LIABILITIES:		
2110	Accounts Payable		11,426
2140	Interest Payable		3,921
2165	Accrued Liabilities		241,189
2190	Due to Student Groups		37,241
2300	Unearned Revenue		83,246
	Noncurrent Liabilities:		
2501	Due Within One Year		146,975
2502	Due in More Than One Year		2,590,047
2540	Net Pension Liability		1,127,531
2545	Net OPEB Liability	_	1,877,285
2000	Total Liabilities	_	6,118,861
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
	Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions		65,529
	Deferred Inflow Related to OPEB		593,642
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		659,171
	NET POCITION.		
2200	NET POSITION:		1 400 705
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets		1,496,735
2020	Restricted For:		21 504
3820 3850	Federal and State Programs Debt Service		31,584 1,723
3900	Unrestricted		7,562
3000	Total Net Position	\$	1,537,604
3000	ו טומו ואפן דיטוווטוו	Φ	1,007,004

Net (Expense)

MT. ENTERPRISE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

			1		3		4	F	Revenue and Changes in
					Program	n Revenu			Net Position
Data							Operating		
Control					harges for		Grants and	G	Governmental
Codes	Functions/Programs		Expenses	_	Services	<u>C</u>	ontributions		Activities
	Governmental Activities:			_		_		_	
11	Instruction	\$	2,784,296	\$		\$	354,713	\$	(2,429,583)
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services		63,962				9,941		(54,021)
13	Curriculum and Staff Development		215				1,560		1,345
21	Instructional Leadership		8,066				4,809		(3,257)
23	School Leadership		259,773				15,799		(243,974)
31	Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services		74,259				5,424		(68,835)
32	Social Work Services						883		883
33	Health Services		13,139				44,658		31,519
34	Student Transportation		121,110				2,683		(118,427)
35	Food Service		213,355		43,576		196,800		27,021
36	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		448,157		14,304		66,208		(367,645)
41	General Administration		314,409				15,774		(298,635)
51	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		476,154				14,614		(461,540)
52	Security and Monitoring Services		52,002				4,687		(47,315)
53	Data Processing Services		109,677				3,836		(105,841)
72	Interest on Long-term Debt		87,556				53,088		(34,468)
73	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees		9,602						(9,602)
93	Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangement	nts	45,227						(45,227)
TG	Total Governmental Activities		5,080,959	-	57,880		795,477		(4,227,602)
TP	Total Primary Government	\$	5,080,959	\$	57,880	\$	795,477	_	(4,227,602)
		General Reve	enues:						
MT			xes, Levied for	General Pi	urposes				665,621
DT		, ,	xes, Levied for		•				37,585
ĪĒ		Investment							7,813
GC			Contributions N	ot Restrict	ed to Specific F	Programs			3,419,189
MI		Miscellaneo		01.1001.701	ou to opcome.	. og. a.mo			19,683
TR			eral Revenues						4,149,891
CN			Net Position						(77,711)
NB	1	Net Position -							1,615,315
NE		Net Position -						\$	1,537,604
	·		9					_	.,,

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2019

			10				98
Data					Other		Total
Contro	I		General	Go	vernmental	G	overnmental
Codes			Fund		Funds		Funds
	ASSETS:						
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,305,954	\$	67,523	\$	2,373,477
1225	Taxes Receivable, Net		119,530		7,440		126,970
1240	Due from Other Governments	_	256,778		21,963		278,741
1000	Total Assets	_	2,682,262		96,926	_	2,779,188
	LIABILITIES:						
	Current Liabilities:						
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	9,335	\$	2,091	\$	11,426
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		205,993		13,132		219,125
2190	Due to Student Groups				37,241		37,241
2200	Accrued Expenditures		20,860		1,204		22,064
2300	Unearned Revenue	_	80,735		2,511		83,246
2000	Total Liabilities		316,923		56,179	_	373,102
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
	Deferred Revenue		119,530		7,440		126,970
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		119,530		7,440		126,970
	FUND BALANCES:						
	Restricted Fund Balances:						
3450	Federal/State Funds Grant Restrictions				31,584		31,584
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt				1.723		1,723
3600	Unassigned		2,245,809				2,245,809
3000	Total Fund Balances		2,245,809	-	33,307		2,279,116
	T		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow	Φ.	0.000.000	Φ	00.000	Φ	0.770.400
4000	of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	2,682,262	\$	96,926	\$	2,779,188

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2019

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet	\$ 2,279,116
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position ("SNP") are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds. Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds. Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Payables for notes which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. The unamortized deferred amount on bond refunding is not reported in the funds. Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds. Deferred Resource Outflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds. Bond premiums are amortized in the SNA but not in the funds. Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is not reported in the funds. Deferred Resource Inflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds. Deferred Resource Outflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.	4,073,307 126,971 (2,510,000) (3,921) (75,325) 160,450 (1,127,531) (65,529) 667,972 (151,697) (1,877,285) (593,642) 634,717
Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position	\$ 1,537,603

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Contro Codes	_	_	10 General Fund	_	Other Governmental Funds		98 Total Governmental Funds
	REVENUES:			_		_	
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	741,426	\$	81,490	\$	- ,
5800	State Program Revenues		3,610,040		94,715		3,704,755
5900	Federal Program Revenues	_	40,970	_	299,676		340,646
5020	Total Revenues	_	4,392,436	_	475,881		4,868,317
	EXPENDITURES:						
	Current:						
0011	Instruction		2,324,387		145,799		2,470,186
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		59,092				59,092
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development		215				215
0021	Instructional Leadership		6,509		1,557		8,066
0023	School Leadership		239,373				239,373
0031	Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services		68,676				68,676
0033	Health Services		13,139				13,139
0034	Student Transportation		96,137				96,137
0035	Food Service				198,417		198,417
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		319,013				319,013
0041	General Administration		278,214				278,214
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		498,939				498,939
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		51,201				51,201
0053	Data Processing Services		105,901				105,901
0071	Principal on Long-term Debt		43,374		100,000		143,374
	Interest on Long-term Debt		5,829		88,981		94,810
	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees				300		300
	Capital Outlay		69,388		30,711		100,099
	Payments to Shared Service Arrangements		45,227				45,227
6030	Total Expenditures		4,224,614		565,765		4,790,379
4400	France (Deficiency) of Develope Over (Heden)						
	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)		107.000		(00.004)		77.000
1100	Expenditures	_	167,822	-	(89,884)	-	77,938
	Other Financing Sources and (Uses):						
7915	Transfers In				97,731		97,731
8911	Transfers Out		(97,731)				(97,731)
8949	Other Uses		(16,367)		(99)		(16,466)
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)		(114,098)		97,632		(16,466)
	Net Change in Fund Balances		53,724		7,748		61,472
0100	Fund Balances - Beginning		2,192,085		25,559		2,217,644
	Fund Balances - Ending	\$	2,245,809	\$	33,307	\$	
5500	Tana Balanoos Ending	Ψ	2,273,003	Ψ_	00,001	Ψ	2,213,110

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	61,472
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities		
("SOA") are different because:		
Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA.		140,350
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.		(246,741)
Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.		43,136
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.		100,000
Repayment of capital lease principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.		8,776
Repayment of loan principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.		43,374
The deferred amount on refunding is amortized in the SOA but not in the funds.		(9,302)
The accretion of interest on capital appreciation bonds is not reported in the funds.		(1,535)
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest from beginning of period to end of period.		13
Prior year's property tax collections are revenue in the funds but were reported in a prior period on the SOA		(38,154)
GASB 68 required certain expenditures to be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows.		(181,487)
The District's share of the unrecognized deferred inflows and outflows for the pension plan was amortized.		129,948
GASB 75 required certain expenditures to be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows.	_	(127,562)
Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities	\$_	(77,712)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of Mt. Enterprise Independent School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") applicable to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide ("Resource Guide"). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

1. Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees ("Board"), a seven-member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public and has the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency ("TEA") or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the Board, and the TEA may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the Board. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of those funding entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity and there are no component units included within the District's reporting entity.

2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Agency Funds: These funds are used to report student activity funds and other resources held in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Agency funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Fiduciary funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements. However, because their assets are held in a trustee or agent capacity and are therefore not available to support District programs, these funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

b. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. They are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

Financial Statement Amounts

a. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period.

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

b. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of supplies on the balance sheet are stated at weighted average cost, while inventories of food commodities are recorded at market values supplied by the Texas Department of Human Services. Inventory items are recorded as expenditures when they are consumed. Supplies are used for almost all functions of activity, while food commodities are used only in the food service program. Although commodities are received at no cost, their fair market value is supplied by the Texas Department of Human Services and recorded as inventory and deferred revenue when received. When requisitioned, inventory and deferred revenue are relieved, expenditures are charged, and revenue is recognized for an equal amount. Inventories also include plant maintenance and operation supplies as well as instructional supplies.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31. 2019

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

c. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives
Buildings	15-75
Building Improvements	15-75
Transportation equipment	5-10
Furniture, fixtures, & Equipment	3-10

d. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position (the government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental funds balance sheet) will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position and/or fund balance that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

e. Receivable and Payable Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

f. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

g. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control Codes

Data Control Codes appear in the rows and above the columns of certain financial statements. The TEA requires the display of these codes in the financial statements filed with TEA in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid insurance) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance - represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the District's Board of Trustees. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Trustees removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action. Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the Board of Trustees. Commitments are typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted balances in that the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the Board of Trustees or by an official or body to which the Board of Trustees delegates the authority. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Assignments within the general fund convey that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the District itself.

Unassigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the general fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

j. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

k. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31. 2019

have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

4. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

5. Other Post-Employment Benefits

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to / deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

6. Implementation of New Standards

In the current fiscal year, the District implemented the following new standards. The applicable provisions of the new standards are summarized below. Implementation is reflected in the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements.

GASB 88 - Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowing and Direct Placements

The primary objective of this statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt.

This statement defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established. This statement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences, and significant subjective acceleration clauses.

For notes to financial statements related to debt, this Statement also requires that existing and additional information be provided for direct borrowings and direct placements of debt separately from other debt.

GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations

This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this statement.

The District does not currently have any AROs and does not expect that implementation of the pronouncement will have an impact on the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

GASB Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61

The primary objectives of this Statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. This Statement also establishes that ownership of a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization results in the government being financially accountable for the legally separate organization and, therefore, the government should report that organization as a component unit.

GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities

This statement establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting by establishing specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and clarifying whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities. The focus of the criteria generally is on whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities.

B. Compliance and Accountability

1. Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures," violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations:

ViolationAction TakenNone reportedNot applicable

Deficit Fund Balance or Fund Net Position of Individual Funds

Following are funds having deficit fund balances or fund net position at year end, if any, along with remarks which address such deficits:

Deficit

Fund NameAmountRemarksNone reportedNot applicableNot applicable

C. Deposits and Investments

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

1. Cash Deposits:

At August 31, 2019, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$2,373,479 and the bank balance was \$2,375,307. The District's cash deposits at August 31, 2019 and during the year ended August 31, 2019, were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

2. Investments:

The District is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies, the District adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the District were in accordance with local policies.

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the District. These include, with certain restrictions, 1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, 2) certificates of deposit, 3) certain municipal securities, 4) securities lending program, 5) repurchase agreements, 6) bankers acceptances, 7) mutual funds, 8) investment pools, 9) guaranteed investment contracts, and 10) commercial paper.

3. Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

At year end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

Investment Accounting Policy

The District's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2019, was as follows:

		Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental activities:	_				
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	117,176_\$_	\$		\$ 117,176
Total capital assets not being depreciated	-	117,176	<u></u>		117,176
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements		7,636,466	79,164		7,715,630
Vehicles and Equipment		857,506	61,186		918,692
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	8,493,972	140,350		8,634,322
Less accumulated depreciation for:	_				
Buildings and improvements		(3,743,261)	(212,038)		(3,955,299)
Vehicles and Equipment		(688,190)	(34,702)		(722,892)
Total accumulated depreciation	_	(4,431,452)	(246,740)		(4,678,191)
Total capital assets being depreciated, r	net ⁻	4,062,521	(106,390)		3,956,131
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$_	4,179,697 \$	(106,390)		\$ 4,073,307
Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:					
Instruction	\$	103,829			
Student Transportation		22,384			
Food Services		3,014			
Extracurricular Activities		115,116			
General Administration		529			

E. Interfund Balances and Activities

Plant Maintenance and Operations

Transfers To and From Other Funds

Transfers to and from other funds at August 31, 2019, consisted of the following:

Transfers From	Transfers To		Amount	Reason		
General fund	Debt service fund	\$	97,731	Provide resources for repayment of debt		
	Total	\$	97,731			

1,870 246,742

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

F. <u>Property Taxes Receivable</u>

	General		Debt Service		
	Fund		Fund		Total
Current Tax Year	\$ 38,384	\$	2,104	\$	40,488
Prior Tax Years	 104,005	_	6,996		111,001
Total	149,413		9,300		158,713
Less: Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	 (29,883)	_	(1,860)		(31,743)
Net Taxes Receivable	\$ 119,530	\$_	7,440	\$_	126,970

G. Long-Term Obligations

1. Long-Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended August 31, 2019, are as follows:

-		Beginning				Ending	Amounts Due Within
			l		D	0	
	_	Balance	Increases	_	Decreases	Balance	One Year
Governmental activities:							
2015 Refunding CIBs	\$	2,510,000 \$		\$	\$	2,510,000 \$	100,000
Add: Premium on Issuance		160,473			8,776	151,697	
Capital Appreciation Bonds		26,738			26,738		
Add: Premium on CABs		18,474			18,474		
Accumulated accretion on CA	ιBs	53,255			53,255		
Loan Payable - Bus		48,113			22,607	25,506	23,511
Loan Payable - Bus (2)		70,587			20,766	49,821	23,464
Net Pension Liability*		577,636	618,903		69,008	1,127,531	
Net OPEB Liability*	_	1,257,577	645,645	_	25,937	1,877,285	
Total governmental activities	\$_	4,722,853 \$	1,264,548	\$_	245,561 \$	5,741,840 \$	146,975

^{*} Other long-term liabilities

The funds typically used to liquidate other long-term liabilities in the past are as follows:

Liability	Activity Type	Fund	
Net Pension Liability*	Governmental	General	
Net OPEB Liability*	Governmental	General	

2. Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at August 31, 2019, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities					
				Notes from Direct	Borrowings	
		Bonds	S	and Direct Place	cements	
Year Ending August 31,		Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$	100,000	88,981	46,975 \$	2,177 \$	49,152
2021		100,000	84,231	28,352	574	28,926
2022		105,000	79,481			
2023		115,000	74,494			
2024		120,000	69,031			
2025-2029		670,000	268,906			
2030-2034		780,000	157,875			
2035-2039		520,000	32,869			
Totals	\$	2,510,000 \$	855,869 \$	75,327 \$	2,751 \$	78,078

Tthe 2015 refunding bonds have interest rates that range from 3% to 4.75%. The loans payable for two buses are 4% and 4.25%, respectively.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

H. Commitments Under Noncapitalized Leases

Commitments under operating (noncapitalized) lease agreements for facilities and equipment provide for minimum future rental payments as of August 31, 2019, as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Ending</u>	August 31,	
2020			

2020	\$ 13,053
2021	 13,053
Total Minimum Rentals	\$ 26,106

Rental Expenditures in 2019 \$ 13,053

I. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2019, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

J. Pension Plan

1. Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) and is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67, and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

2. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

3. Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3% (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (1.) above.

4. Contributions

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. Senate Bill 1458 of the 83rd Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and established employee contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 through 2017. The 85th Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) affirmed that the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2018 and 2019 would remain the same.

Contribution Dates

<u>tes</u>	
2018	2019
7.7%	7.7%
6.8%	6.8%
6.8%	6.8%
75,262	
209,649	
143,193	
	2018 7.7% 6.8% 6.8% 75,262 209,649

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- --- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- --- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- --- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- --- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31. 2019

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to:

- --- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- --- When a school district or charter school does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors and Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2017 actuarial valuation rolled forward to August 31, 2018 was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2017 rolled forward to

August 31, 2018

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method Market Value
Single Discount Rate 6.907%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return 7.25%
Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increases including inflation 3.05% to 9.05%

Payroll Growth Rate 3.00%
Benefit Changes during the year None
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are based primarily on a study of actual experience for the three year period ending August 31, 2017 and adopted in July, 2018.

6. Discount Rate

The single discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.907%. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on the pension plan investments of 7.25% and a municipal bond rate of 3.69%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was sufficient to finance the benefit payments until the year 2069. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the year 2069, and the municipal on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2018 are summarized below:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

U.S.

Cash

Real Return

Real Assets

Commodities

Inflation Expectation

Risk Parity Risk Parity

Alpha Total

Absolute Return

Stable Value Hedge Funds

Global Inflation Linked Bonds

Energy & Natural Resources

Asset Allocation and Long-Term Expected Rate of Return As of August 31, 2018 Long-term Expected **Expected** Contribution Geometric to Long-term Target Real Rate of **Portfolio** Asset Class Allocation Return Returns * Global Equity 18.0% 5.7% 1.0% Non-U.S. Developed 13.0% 6.9% 0.9% **Emerging Markets** 9.0% 8.9% 0.8% Directional Hedge Funds 4.0% 3.5% 0.1% **Private Equity** 13.0% 10.2% 1.3% Stable Value U.S. Treasuries 0.1% 11.0% 1.1%

0.0%

4.0%

1.0%

3.0%

14.0%

5.0%

0.0%

5.0%

100.0%

Teacher Retirement System of Texas

7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (6.907%) in measuring the Net Pension Liability.

0.0%

3.1%

-0.3%

0.7%

5.2%

7.5%

0.0%

3.7%

0.0%

0.1%

0.0%

0.0%

0.7%

0.4%

0.0%

0.2%

2.3% -0.8%

7.2%

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate 5.907%	Discount Rate 6.907%	1% Increase in Discount Rate 7.907%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,701,715		

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources 8. Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$1,127,531 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

^{*} Target allocation are based on the FY 2016 policy model.

^{**} The expected contribution to Returns incorporates the volatility drag resulting from the conversion between Arithmetic and Geometric mean returns.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 1,127,531
State's proportionate share that is associated with District	 2,341,115
Total	\$ 3.468.646

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2017 and rolled forward to August 31, 2018 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2017 rolled forward to August 31, 2018. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2017 through August 31, 2018.

At August 31, 2018 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0020485%. which was an increase (decrease) of 0.0002419319% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2017.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation -

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period.

- --- The Total Pension Liability as of August 31, 2018 was developed using a roll-forward method from the August 31, 2017 valuation.
- --- Demographic assumptions including post-retirement mortality, termination rates, and rates of retirement were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.
- --- Economic assumptions including rates of salary increase for individual participants was updated based on the same experience study.
- --- The discount rate changed from 8.0% as of August 31, 2017 to 6.907% as of August 31, 2018.
- --- The long-term assumed rate of return changed from 8.0% to 7.25%.
- --- The change in the long-term assumed rate of return combined with the change in the single discount rate was the primary reason for the increase in the Net Pension Liability.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

For the year ended August 31, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$254,422 and revenue of \$231,708 for support provided by the State.

Deferred

Deferred

At August 31, 2019, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS' deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources: (The amounts below will be the cumulative layers from the current and prior years combined)

	C	Deterred Outflows of Resources	Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	7,028 \$	27,665
Changes in actuarial assumptions		406,529	12,704
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings Changes in proportion and difference between the District's			21,394
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		179,153	3,766
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date		75,262	
Total	\$	667,972 \$	65,529

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31. 2019

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		Pension
Year Ended		Expense
August 31	_	Amount
2020	\$	137,361
2021	\$	92,336
2022	\$	79,476
2023	\$	85,644
2024	\$	79,487
Thereafter	\$	52.877

K. <u>Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans</u>

1. Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

2. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Com- prehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

3. Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides a basic health insurance coverage (TRS-Care 1), at no cost to all retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible retirees and their dependents not enrolled in Medicare may pay premiums to participate in one of two optional insurance plans with more comprehensive benefits (TRS-Care 2 and TRS-Care 3). Eligible retirees and dependents enrolled in Medicare may elect to participate in one of the two Medicare health plans for an additional fee. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes, including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for the optional health insurance are based on years of service of the member. The schedule below shows the monthly rates for a retiree with and without Medicare coverage.

TRS-Care Monthly for Retirees January 1, 2018 thru December 31, 2018						
	Medicare	Non-Medicare				
Retiree*	\$ 135	\$ 200				
Retiree and Spouse	529	689				
Retiree* and Children	468	408				
Retiree and Family	1,020	999				

^{*} or surviving spouse

District's 2019 Member Contributions

2018 NECE On-Behalf Contributions (state)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.75% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

Contribution Rates		
	2018	2019
Active Employee	0.65%	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%
Employers	0.75%	0.75%
Federal/private Funding remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.25%
District's 2019 Employer Contributions		\$ 27,497

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program). When hiring a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay to TRS-Care a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

17.698

30.983

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$182.6 million in fiscal year 2018. The 85th Texas Legislature, House Bill 30 provided an additional \$212 million in one-time, supplemental funding for the FY2018-19 biennium to continue to support the program. This was also received in FY2018 bringing the total appropriations received in fiscal year 2018 to \$394.6 million.

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was rolled forward to August 31, 2018. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The actuarial valuation of TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuations performed on the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All of the demographic assumptions, including rates of retirement, termination, and disability, and most of the economic assumptions, including general inflation, salary increases, and general payroll growth, used in the OPEE valuation were identical to those used in the respective TRS pension valuation. Since the assumptions were based upon a recent actuarial experience study performed and they were reasonable for this OPEB valuation, they were employed in the 2018 CAFR for the Teacher Retirement System of Texas.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2017 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2018:

Rates of Mortality General Inflation
Rates of Retirement Wage Inflation

Rates of Termination Expected Payroll Growth

Rates of Disability Incidence

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2017 rolled forward to August 31, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.30%
Single Discount Rate *	3.69% *
Aging Factors	Based on plan specific experience
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the age-adjusted claims costs.
Payroll Growth Rate	3.00%
Projected Salary Increases	3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation ***
Healthcare Trend Rates **	8.50% **
Election Rates	Normal Retirement: 70% participation prior to age 65 and 75% after age 65.
Ad Hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes	None

^{*}Sourced from fixed income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federal tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2018.

6. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 3.69% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was an increase of .27% in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used in measuring the net OPEB liability.

	1% Decrease in	Current Single	1% Increase in
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate
	(2.69%)	(3.69%)	(4.69%)
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 2,234,614	\$ 1,877,285	\$ 1,594,614

^{**8.50%} for FY2019, decreasing 0.5% per year to 4.50% for FY2027 and later years.

^{***} Includes inflation at 2.5%.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

> OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At August 31, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$1,877,285 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability \$ 1,877,285
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District 2,245,708

Total \$ 4,122,993

The Net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2017 and rolled forward to August 31, 2018 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the Net OPEB liability was based on the District's contributions to OPEB relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2017 thru August 31, 2018.

At August 31, 2019 the District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.0037598, which was an increase of 0.0008678682% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2017.

The following schedule shows the impact of the net OPEB liability if a healthcare trend rate that is 1% less than and 1% greater than the assumed 8.5% rate is used.

	1% Decrease in	Current Single	1% Increase in
	Healthcare Trend	Healthcare Trend	Healthcare Trend
	Rate (7.5%)	Rate (8.5%)	Rate (9.5%)
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 1,559,116	\$ 1,877,285	\$ 2,296,320

9. Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

- --- Adjustments were made for retirees that were known to have discontinued their health care coverage in fiscal year 2018. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- --- The health care trend rate assumption was updated to reflect the anticipated return of the Health Insurer Fee (HIF) in 2020. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- --- Demographic and economic assumptions were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- --- The discount rate was changed from 3.42% as of August 31, 2017 to 3.69% as of August 31, 2018. This change lowered the Total OPEB Liability \$2.3 billion.
- --- Change of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date Please see the 2018 TRS CAFR, page 68, section B for a list of changes made effective September 1, 2017 by the 85th Texas Legislature.

In this valuation the impact of the Cadillac Tax has been calculated as a portion of the trend assumption. Assumptions and methods used to determine the impact of the Cadillac Tax include:

- --- 2018 thresholds of \$850 / \$2,292 were indexed annually by 2.50%.
- --- Premium data submitted was not adjusted for permissible exclusions to the Cadillac Tax.
- --- There were no special adjustments to the dollar limit other than those permissible for non-Medicare retirees over 55.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31. 2019

Results indicate that the value of the excise tax would be reasonably represented by a 25 basis-point addition to the long term trend rate assumption.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements; and changes in plan provision or applicable law.

Changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period are listed below:

The 85th Legislature, Regular Session, passed the following statutory changes in House Bill 3976 which became effective on September 1, 2017:

- --- Created a high-deductible health plan that provides a zero cost for generic prescriptions for certain preventive drugs and provides a zero premium for disability retirees who retired as a disability retiree on or before January 1, 2017 and are not eligible to enroll in Medicare.
- --- Created a single Medicare Advantage plan and Medicare prescription drug plan for all Medicare-eligible participants.
- --- Allowed the System to provide other appropriate health benefit plans to address the needs of enrollees eligible for Medicare.
- --- Allowed eligible retirees and their eligible dependents to enroll in TRS-Care when the retiree reaches 65 years of age, rather than waiting for the next enrollment period.
- --- Eliminated free coverage under TRS-Care, except for certain disability retirees enrolled during Plan Years 2018 through 2021, requiring members to contribute \$200 per month toward their health insurance premiums.

For the year ended August 31, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$187,366 and revenue of \$81,685 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2019, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflow of Resources		Deferred Inflow of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	99,621 \$	29,626
Changes in actuarial assumptions		31,327	564,016
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings		328	
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		475,943	
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	_	27,497	
Total	\$_	634,716 \$	593,642

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31. 2019

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended August 31,	Amount
2020	\$ (14,678)
2021	\$ (14,678)
2022	\$ (14,678)
2023	\$ (14,740)
2024	\$ (14,776)
Thereafter	\$ 87,124

10. Medicare Part D Subsidies

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the current fiscal year ended August 31, 2019, the subsidy payment received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District was \$9,979.

L. Employee Health Care Coverage

During the year ended August 31, 2019, employees of the District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District paid premiums of \$225 per pay period per employee to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents. All premiums were paid to a self-funded pool. The Plan was authorized by Article 3.51-2, Texas Insurance Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

M. Commitments and Contingencies

Contingencies

The District participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectibility of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for such contingencies.

2. Litigation

No reportable litigation was pending against the District at August 31, 2019.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

N. Shared Services Arrangements

Shared Services Arrangement - Membership

The District participates in a shared services arrangement ("SSA") for special education services with the following school districts:

Member Districts
Carlisle ISD
Laneville ISD
Leveretts Chapel ISD
Mt. Enterprise ISD
Overton ISD
Tatum ISD - Fiscal Agent

The District does not account for revenues or expenditures in this program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in capital assets purchased by the fiscal agent, Tatum ISD, nor does the District have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the District. The fiscal agent manager is responsible for all financial activities of the SSA.

The SSA is accounted for using a combination of Model 1 and Model 3 in the SSA section of the Resource Guide. Mt. Enterprise ISD remits funds to the fiscal agent for the director, counselors, diagnosticians, and shared teachers. The District accounts for this portion of the SSA using Model 3.

O. Self-Funded Workers' Compensation

The District has joined together with other area districts to form a self-insurance workers' compensation risk pool (pool). Claims administration and processing for the Pool is provided by Claims Administrative Services, Inc. The agreement for the formation of the Pool provides that the Pool will be self sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial insurance companies for claims in excess of \$500,000 for each insured event, with an unlimited agregate. The Pool contracts with Midwest Employers Casualty Company for reinsurance.

The District's administrative expenses for the years ended August 31, 2019 and 2018 were \$5,038 and \$6,441, respectively. Estimated total claims liability for the years ended August 31, 2019 and 2018, including estimated claims incurred but not reported, amount to \$16,591 and \$18,425, respectively. The estimated total liability for workers' compensation claims incurred but not reported claims amounted to \$9,200 and \$16,651 at August 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

	<u>2,019</u>	<u>2,018</u>
Claims liability, beginning of year	\$ 18,425 \$	21,321
Incurred claims:		
Provision for insured events of current year	2,579	10,165
Increase (Decrease) in provision for insured events of prior years	(718)	(2,690)
Total incurred claims	 1,861	7,475
Payments:		
Claims expenses attributable to insured events of current year	619	8,292
Claims expenses attributable to insured events of prior years	 3,076	2,079
Total payments	 3,695	10,371
Total unpaid claims at the end of the year	\$ 16,591 \$	18,425



Required supplementary information Accounting Standards Board but re	ation includes financi	elementary Info	isclosures required	by the Govern	mental



GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data			1		2		3		ariance with inal Budget
Control		_	Budgete	d Am			A		Positive
Codes	REVENUES:	_	Original	_	Final		Actual		Negative)
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	682,750	\$	682,750	\$	741,426	\$	58,676
5800	State Program Revenues	Ċ	3,546,310	·	3,546,310	·	3,610,040		63,730
5900	Federal Program Revenues	_	15,000	_	15,000		40,970		25,970
5020	Total Revenues	_	4,244,060	_	4,244,060	_	4,392,436	_	148,376
	EXPENDITURES:								
	Current:								
	Instruction & Instructional Related Services:								
0011	Instruction		2,304,271		2,334,271		2,324,387		9,884
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		65,721		65,721		59,092		6,629
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development	_	10,250	_	9,250	_	215	_	9,035
	Total Instruction & Instr. Related Services	_	2,380,242	_	2,409,242	_	2,383,694	_	25,548
	Instructional and School Leadership:								
0021	Instructional Leadership		6,500		7,500		6,509		991
0023	School Leadership		239,469		244,469		239,373		5,096
	Total Instructional & School Leadership		245,969		251,969		245,882		6,087
0001	Support Services - Student (Pupil):		70 740		70 740		00.070		0.070
0031 0033	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services Health Services		70,749 17,175		70,749 17.175		68,676		2,073 4,036
0033	Student (Pupil) Transportation		104,814		104,814		13,139 96,137		4,036 8,677
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		348,644		348,644		319,013		29,631
0000	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	_	541,382	_	541,382		496,965		44,417
	Administrative Support Services:								
0041	General Administration	_	298,699	_	298,699	_	278,214	_	20,485
	Total Administrative Support Services	_	298,699	_	298,699	_	278,214	_	20,485
	Support Services - Nonstudent Based:								
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations		440,413		510,413		498,939		11,474
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		29,550		54,550		51,201		3,349
0053	Data Processing Services	_	106,668	_	106,668	_	105,901	_	767
	Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based	_	576,631	_	671,631	-	656,041		15,590
	Debt Service:								
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt		147,000		43,988		43,374		614
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt		6,300		11,581		5,829		5,752
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees	_	100	_	100	_		_	100
	Total Debt Service	_	153,400	_	55,669	_	49,203	_	6,466
	Capital Outlay:								
0081	Capital Outlay		44,997		74,997		69,388		5,609
	Total Capital Outlay		44,997		74,997		69,388		5,609
0000	Intergovernmental Charges:		40.000		40.000		45.007		770
0093	Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member DistSSA Total Intergovernmental Charges	-	46,000 46,000	_	46,000 46,000	_	45,227 45,227	_	773 773
	Total Intergovernmental Onlarges	_	40,000	_	40,000	_	45,221	_	773
6030	Total Expenditures		4,287,320		4,349,589		4,224,614		124,975
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
1100	Expenditures	_	(43,260)	_	(105,529)		167,822	_	273,351
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
8911	Transfers Out		(97,731)		(97,731)		(97,731)		
8949	Other Uses		(16,500)		(16,500)		(16,367)		133
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	_	(114,231)	_	(114,231)	_	(114,098)	_	133
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		(157,491)	_	(219,760)		53,724		273,484
0400	Fund Dalance Destroits		0.400.004		0.400.005		0.400.005		
0100 3000	Fund Balance - Beginning Fund Balance - Ending	\$	2,192,084 2,034,593	φ_	2,192,085 1,972,325	\$_	2,192,085 2,245,809	\$	273,484
5500	Tana balance - Ending	Ψ=	2,004,000	Ψ_	1,012,020	Ψ_	۵,۲,۲,003	Ψ	210,404

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

		Measurement Year Ended August 31,						
		2018	2017	2016	2015	2014		
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.002048%	0.001807%	0.001821%	0.001815%	0.001036%		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	1,127,531 \$	577,636 \$	688,108 \$	641,720 \$	276,703		
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District		2,341,115	1,356,981	1,631,497	1,531,389	1,366,796		
Total	\$_	3,468,646 \$	1,934,617 \$	2,319,605 \$	2,173,109 \$	1,643,499		
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	2,423,656 \$	2,423,656 \$	2,356,817 \$	2,189,914 \$	2,229,109		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		46.52%	23.83%	29.20%	29.30%	12.41%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		73.74%	82.17%	78.00%	78.43%	83.25%		

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

	Fiscal Year Ended August 31,					
		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	75,262 \$	68,446 \$	59,209 \$	71,717 \$	23,493
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(75,262)	(68,446)	(59,209)	(71,717)	(23,493)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u></u> \$	<u></u> \$_	<u></u> \$_	<u></u> \$	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	2,722,707 \$	2,577,655 \$	2,423,746 \$	2,356,817 \$	2,189,914
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		2.76%	2.66%	2.44%	3.04%	1.07%

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

		Measuremer Ended Aug	
	_	2018	2017
District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability		0.003760%	0.002892%
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$	1,877,285 \$	1,257,577
State proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability associated with the District Total	\$_ \$_	2,245,708 \$ 4,122,993 \$	1,918,927 3,176,504
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	2,423,656 \$	2,423,656
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		77.46%	51.89%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		1.57%	0.91%

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

	_	Fiscal Year Ended		
	_	2019	2018	
Statutorily or contractually required District contribution	\$	27,497 \$	25,402	
Contributions recognized by OPEB in relation to statutorily or contractually required contribution		(27,497)	(25,402)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	54,994 \$	50,804	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	2,722,707 \$	2,577,655	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		1.01%	0.99%	

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31. 2019

Budaet

The official budget was prepared for adoption for all Governmental Fund Types. The budget was prepared in accordance with accounting practices generally accepted in the United States of America. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data.:

- a. Prior to August 21 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- c. Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings.

Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board and are not made after fiscal year end as required by law.

Each amendment is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at August 31, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either cancelled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no end-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Changes of benefit terms

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes of assumptions

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Combining Statements and Budget Comparisons as Supplementary Information
This supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Contro Codes	· 1		Special Revenue Funds		Debt Service Fund	Gov Fu	Total lonmajor vernmental unds (See khibit C-1)
1110 1225	ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents Taxes Receivable, Net	\$	61,405	\$	6,118 7,440	\$	67,523 7,440
1240 1000	Due from Other Governments Total Assets	_	21,756 83,161	_	207		21,963 96,926
	LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities:						
2110	Accounts Payable	\$		\$	2,091	\$	2,091
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		13,132				13,132
2190	Due to Student Groups		37,241				37,241
2200	Accrued Expenditures		1,204				1,204
2300	Unearned Revenue				2,511		2,511
2000	Total Liabilities		51,577		4,602		56,179
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
	Deferred Revenue				7,440		7,440
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources				7,440		7,440
	FUND BALANCES: Restricted Fund Balances:						
3450	Federal/State Funds Grant Restrictions		31,584				31,584
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt				1,723		1,723
3000	Total Fund Balances		31,584		1,723		33,307
	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow						
4000	of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	83,161	\$	13,765	\$	96,926

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Contro Codes		_	Special Revenue Funds	_	Debt Service Fund	_	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds (See Exhibit C-2)
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	43,576	\$	37,914	\$	81,490
5800	State Program Revenues	Ψ	41,627	Ψ	53,088	Ψ	94,715
5900	Federal Program Revenues		299,676				299,676
5020	Total Revenues	_	384,879	-	91,002	-	475,881
3020	rotarrievenues	_	004,073	_	31,002	-	+70,001
	EXPENDITURES:						
	Current:						
0011	Instruction		145,799				145,799
0021	Instructional Leadership		1,557				1,557
0035	Food Service		198,417				198,417
0071	Principal on Long-term Debt				100,000		100,000
0072	Interest on Long-term Debt				88,981		88,981
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees				300		300
0081	Capital Outlay	_	30,711	_		_	30,711
6030	Total Expenditures	_	376,484	_	189,281	-	565,765
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)						
1100	Expenditures		8,395		(98,279)		(89,884)
	P	_	-,	_	(, -)	-	(,)
	Other Financing Sources and (Uses):						
7915	Transfers In				97,731		97,731
8949	Other Uses				(99)		(99)
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	_			97,632	_	97,632
	Net Change in Fund Balances		8,395		(647)	_	7,748
0100	Fund Balances - Beginning		23,189		2,370		25,559
	Fund Balances - Ending	\$	31,584	\$	1,723	\$	33,307
_	5	- =		-=			

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2019

			211		240	255	
Data		ES	SEA Title I	Natio	onal School	ESEA Title II	
Contro	ol .	lı lı	mproving	Brea	kfast/Lunch	Tı	aining &
Codes	3	Bas	ic Programs	F	Program	R	ecruiting
	ASSETS:						
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$		\$	24,164	\$	
1240	Due from Other Governments		5,896		10,254		1,108
1000	Total Assets		5,896		34,418		1,108
	LIABILITIES:						
	Current Liabilities:						
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	\$	5,323	\$	2,712	\$	1,000
2190	Due to Student Groups						
2200	Accrued Expenditures		573		122		108
2000	Total Liabilities		5,896		2,834		1,108
	FUND BALANCES:						
	Restricted Fund Balances:						
3450	Federal/State Funds Grant Restrictions				31,584		
3000	Total Fund Balances				31,584		
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	5,896	\$	34,418	\$	1,108

270 ESEA, Title VI Part B, Subpart 2 Rural School	289 Title IV, Part A Subpart 1	461 Campus Activity Funds	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (See Exhibit H-1)
\$	\$	\$ 37,241	\$ 61,405
3,509	<u>989</u>		21,756
3,509	<u>989</u>	37,241	83,161
\$ 3,205	\$ 892	\$	\$ 13,132
		37,241	37,241
304	97		1,204
3,509	989	37,241	51,577
			31,584
			31,584
\$\$	\$989_	\$\$	\$83,161

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

			211		240		255	
Data		ESEA Title I		Natio	nal School	ESEA Title II		
Contro	1		Improving	Breal	kfast/Lunch		Training &	
Codes		Bas	sic Programs	Р	rogram		Recruiting	
	REVENUES:							
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$		\$	43,576	\$		
5800	State Program Revenues				5,301			
5900	Federal Program Revenues		58,143		188,646		11,197	
5020	Total Revenues		58,143		237,523	_	11,197	
	EXPENDITURES:							
	Current:							
0011	Instruction		57,006				10,977	
0021	Instructional Leadership		1,137				220	
0035	Food Service				198,417			
0081	Capital Outlay				30,711			
6030	Total Expenditures		58,143		229,128	_	11,197	
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)							
1100	Expenditures				8,395			
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances				8,395			
0100	Fund Balances - Beginning				23,189			
	Fund Balances - Ending	\$		\$	31,584	\$		

270 ESEA, Title VI Part B, Subpart 2 Rural School	289 Title IV, Part A Subpart 1	410 State Textbook Fund	429 State Funded Special Revenue Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (See Exhibit H-2)
\$ 31,732 31,732	\$ 9,958 9,958	\$ 35,949 35,949	\$ 377 377	\$ 43,576 41,627 299,676 384,879
31,732 31,732	9,758 200 9,958	35,949 35,949	377 377	145,799 1,557 198,417 30,711 376,484
<u></u>				8,395 8,395 23,189
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 31,584



Other Supplementary Information
This section includes financial information and disclosures not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and not considered a part of the basic financial statements. It may, however, include information which is required by other entities.

SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	1	1 2					
Year Ended		Tax Rates					
August 31	Maintenanc	e Debt Service	Tax Purposes				
2010 and Prior Years	\$ Various	\$ Various	\$ Various				
2011	1.04	.1672	57,690,109				
2012	1.04	.1736	57,972,479				
2013	1.17	.0436	58,585,650				
2014	1.17	.0436	54,296,803				
2015	1.17	.0636	56,119,392				
2016	1.17	.0636	53,818,885				
2017	1.17	.0636	53,816,667				
2018	1.17	.0636	54,928,618				
2019 (School Year Under Audit)	1.17	.0636	56,184,715				
1000 Totals							

9000 - Portion of Row 1000 for Taxes Paid into Tax Increment Zone Under Chapter 311, Tax Code

10 Beginning Balance 9/1/18	20 Current Year's Total Levy		Current Year's Maintenar		32 Debt Service Collections		_	40 Entire Year's Adjustments	50 Ending Balance 8/31/19		
\$ 33,362	\$		\$	385	\$	31	\$	(662)	\$	32,284	
6,714				668		107				5,939	
8,267				1,447		244		(271)		6,305	
9,124				1,703		63		(486)		6,872	
10,372				1,494		56		(658)		8,164	
11,519				932		51		(722)		9,814	
14,789				1,312		71		(882)		12,524	
24,241				5,953		324		(1,283)		16,681	
33,100				10,033		580		(2,847)		19,640	
		691,072		615,652		34,923		(9)		40,488	
\$ 151,489	\$	691,072	\$_	639,579	\$	36,450	\$_	(7,820)	\$_	158,712	
\$ 	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		

NATIONAL SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND LUNCH PROGRAM BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data		1	2		3 Variance
Control Codes		Budget	Actual		Positive (Negative)
00063	REVENUES:	 Daaget	 Actual		(Negative)
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 39,000	\$ 43,576	\$	4,576
5800	State Program Revenues	6,914	5,301		(1,613)
5900	Federal Program Revenues	 122,000	 188,646		66,646
5020	Total Revenues	 167,914	 237,523	_	69,609
	EXPENDITURES:				
	Current:				
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):				
0035	Food Services	 201,613	 198,417	_	3,196
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	 201,613	 198,417	_	3,196
	Capital Outlay:				
0081	Capital Outlay	35,000	30,711		4,289
	Total Capital Outlay	35,000	30,711		4,289
6030	Total Expenditures	236,613	229,128	_	7,485
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)				
1100	Expenditures	(68,699)	8,395		77,094
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	 (68,699)	 8,395		77,094
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning	23,189	23,189		
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ (45,510)	\$ 31,584	\$_	77,094

DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

		1	2		3
Data					Variance
Control					Positive
Codes	_	 Budget	 Actual	_	(Negative)
	REVENUES:				
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 36,750	\$ 37,914	\$	1,164
5800	State Program Revenues	 55,000	 53,088	_	(1,912)
5020	Total Revenues	 91,750	 91,002	_	(748)
	EXPENDITURES:				
	Debt Service:				
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt	100,000	100,000		
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt	88,981	88,981		
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees	 500	 300		200
	Total Debt Service	 189,481	 189,281	_	200
6030	Total Expenditures	 189,481	 189,281	_	200
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)				
1100	Expenditures	 (97,731)	 (98,279)	_	(548)
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
7915	Transfers In	97,731	97,731		
8949	Other Uses	(100)	(99)		1
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	97,631	 97,632		1
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	(100)	(647)		(547)
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning	2,370	2,370		
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 2,270	\$ 1,723	\$	(547)



Morgan LaGrone, CPA, PLLC

Certified Public Accountant

Telephone: 903.657.0240 116 S Marshall 903.655.1324 Henderson TX 75654 Fax:

> Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Trustees Mt. Enterprise Independent School District 301 NW 3rd St. Mt. Enterprise, Texas 75681

Members of the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Mt. Enterprise Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Mt. Enterprise Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 5, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Mt. Enterprise Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Mt. Enterprise Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Mt. Enterprise Independent School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Mt. Enterprise Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to

be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Morgan LaGrone, CPA, PLLC

Morgan Jayhone

Henderson, TX December 5, 2019

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

A. Summary of Auditor's Results

	1.	Financial Statements			
		Type of auditor's report issued:	<u>Unmodified</u>		
		Internal control over financial reporting:			
		One or more material weaknesses identified?	Yes	X_	No
		One or more significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes	X_	None Reported
		Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	X_	No
	2.	Federal Awards			
		Internal control over major programs:			
		One or more material weaknesses identified?	Yes	X_	N/A
		One or more significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes	X_	N/A
		Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Not applicable		
		Version of compliance supplement used in audit:	<u>August 2019</u>		
		Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200?	Yes	X_	N/A
		Identification of major programs:			
		CFDA Number(s) Name of Federal Not applicable			
		Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$750,000		
		Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes	X_	N/A
В.	Fina	ancial Statement Findings			
	NO	NE			
C.	Fed	leral Award Findings and Questioned Costs			
	NO	NE			

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Finding/Recommendation	Current Status	Management's Explanation If Not Implemented		
Not applicable for the year ended August 31,2019.				

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS AS OF AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control Codes	_	Re	esponses
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year end?		No
SF4	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report?		Yes
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state or federal funds?		No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts and laws related to local, state or federal funds?		No
SF7	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other governmental agencies?		Yes
SF8	Did the school district <u>not</u> receive an adjusted repayment schedule for more than one fiscal year for an over allocation of Foundation School Program (FSP) funds as a result of a financial hardship?		Yes
SF10	What was the total accumulated accretion on capital appreciation bonds (CABs) included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end?	\$	
SF11	Net Pension Assets (object 1920) at fiscal year-end.	\$	
SF12	Net Pension Liabilities (object 2540) at fiscal year-end.	\$	577,636
SF13	Pension Expense (object 6147) at fiscal year-end.	\$	
	In correspondence to all school administrators dated November 1, 2017, the TEA's Director of Financial Compliance stated "For 2017, and until further notice, no data should be entered in the field for data feed Schedule L-1 question SF13. If the AFR and data feed has been submitted no additional steps need to be taken."	i	